### SERMON

PREACH'D AT

DECEMBER 2. 1697.

BEING THE

Yay of Publick Thanksgiving

For the P E A C E;

AND FOR

Iis Majesty's Safe Return.

By BEN. JENKS, Rector of Harley, and Chaptain to the Right Honourable the Earl of Bradford.

### LONDON:

fan's Church; and Benj. Cooke, at the Middle-Temple-Gate in Fleetstreet. M DC XC VII. 23.

appear comme

## SERMON

PREACHDART

HARLEY IN SHROPSHIRE i ban. а ва и во 1 (

paulolesving out the

His Majesty's Safe Return.

E G C N. J w M S. Rodor of Muley. And Chapters to the Right Tonourable the Part of Bredfort

vinared for III II. Morriso, at the combined Self Line har Course Fagulater & Chart, as the Muldler Transported in Profess. NOCKEVILL

Enemies; If you will make these Overslowings of my Joy and Gladness for so rich a Blessing to our Church and Nation, more Possipe Sureche narrow Bounds

# wherein I am concernd, The mean defective Seramon may come Belied at lette Service to Weight But to Help to the But to the But to the best of the but to be Tublished upon fuch a great and Joyful Occasion.

I leave you and your Friends to do as you pleafe, by

SIR;

TOU shew the Power that you have with me, To put me upon exposing my Weakness more than once or twice: And, for ought I know, in a greater measure now than formerly: This being such a Sudden Production, upon a Subject that never Exercis'd my Thoughts before; Peradventure it may not obtain my own Pardon a while hence. Yet I was the more inclinable to Comply with your Request for my Notes, Because through your means, I had my Hand in so early, just as his most Excellent Majesty was Ascending the Throne: For which Zeal and Forwardneß, some have not yet Forgot to look as much Awry at me, as Eliab did at his Brother David, 1 Sam. 17. 28. And now that King WILLIAM's Throne is so establish'd by this Glorious Peace, to Rejoice the Souls of his Friends, and to Strike Despair into the Hearts of his Enemies :

Enemies; If you will make these Overslowings of my Joy and Gladness for so rich a Blessing to our Church and Nation, more Dissure than the narrow Bounds wherein I am concern d, The mean defective Sermon may come Behind, as a little Servitor, to Wait upon those Many much more Worths, that are like to be Publish d upon such a great and Joyful Occasion. I leave you and your Friends to do as you please, by it and

TOU her the Power that you have with me, To put me upon exposing my Weakness more than once or twice: And for ought I know, in a greater measure nowolkin formerly: This being such a Sudden Production, upon a Subject that never Exercis d my Thoughts before; Peradventure it may not obtain my own Pardon a while hence. Let I was the more inclinable to Comply with your Request for ny Notes, Because through your means, I had my Hand in fo early, just as his most Excellent Majestey was Ascending the Throne: For which Zeal and For wardness, some have not yet Forgot to look as much April at me, as Blind did at his Brother David, at Sans. 17. 28. And now that King WILLIAM's Ibrone is to eftablished by this Glorique Peace, to Rejoice the Souls of his Friends, and to finite Delpair into the Flear's of his Incomies: IS A

Alarm'd our Rears. Now that the biggeft of our Ene

How Beantiful upon the Mountains are the Feet of him that bringeth good Tidings, that publisheth Peace, that bringeth Good Tidings of Good, that publisheth Salvation, that faith unto Zion, Thy God Reigneth! Leligion.



OOD News in bad Times is double Refreshment. And after we have long been Complaining of the Times, Now that we are called to Rejoice in the News; After we have been Tird out with a tedious War; to be Eas'd at last: This is so Grateful and Pleafant to every one who has any

Concern for his own, or his Country's Welfare; That the Messengers of fuch Glad Tidings, who use to be received with Transports of Joy, may look to be Carefold with all the Demonstrations of good Welcome. And therefore I need not beg your patient Audience, Beloved, when I can promise my self your Eager Ac-tention: Now that we are to give Thanks for the Accomplishment of somewhat here Prophesied; And the Tidings of Good, the Publications of Peace, foretold to the Church, are come to our Land What we have so long Defired, The God of all grace has let us Live to fee it Effected; Even Peace in our Time. after fo many Burdens and Mischiefs of War, and a happy Close of the Bloody Scene; Upon Terms of Honour to our Government, and terms of Security to our Church: Upon a mighty Stoop on the Adverse Side, and a total Exclusion of the Popis Interest; that Alarm'd

Alarm'd our Fears. Now that the biggeft of our Enemies abroad have publickly Owned him for King of this Realm, whom the little Bigots at Home have all this while stood out against; Animated with hopes of Help from that Foreign Power, which has shaken them off, and left the Forlorn Cause to shift for it felf : The Throne is no longer threatned now with an Invalor from that Quarter, whence the Struggle was fo hard, not only to Change our Laws, but to Extirpate our Religion. And to have our most Desired Prince come back in Safety from (we hope) the Last Expedition of this kind; To have our Easy Government firm upon the ancient Bake of its Limited Monarchy: Our Religion Preferv'd and Protected, and our Peace Restor'd and Ratified; This is Reviving indeed, even as Life from the Dead, to a drooping Nation. And fuch is the Matter of Joy and Praile. wherein we are called to take our share at this time.

But as great as ever the prefent Gladness of our Land is The Text will lead us up to a higher Rejoicing yet, for a greater Salvation than any that can be Confummated in this World; and for a Peace and Amity beyond and above the strictest League and dearest Friendship with all the Creatures upon Earth. For under Ifrael's Deliverance here out of Babylon, is figured the Glory and Prosperity of the Church, Deliver'd by our Lord Jelus. And the Text is a joyful Exclamation upon the Bleffed Occasion; Shewing how Acceptable to the People of God, that Wait for his Salvation, is the Church's Welfare, and Peace upon Ifrael. For then is the Joy of the Church most Glorious. When Darknels and Wickednels are most Cathiered; When not only Peace and a Worldly Happinels, but Truth and Holine's do Prevail and Flourish. How Beautiful upon the Mountains; &c.

o ansl A

Mount

Mount Zion supported the famous Temple, reprefenting all the Church: And Jerufalem, in which it stood, being furrounded with Hills. The Prophet here in a Rapture breaks out, as if he had feen a Melfenger coming upon those High Places, to bring Tidings of Toy, to the City of God. For on the adjacent Hills. in the Cliffs and Rocks, they had Watchmen, upon any Difcovery of Danger or Prosperity, to give Signals; whereupon Posts were dispatch'd, to haste away o're the Hills, and rell the News. And their Feet here. ( denoting their Advent, or their Hafte ) are called Beautiful; To shew how Welcome they were, coming upon a Toyful Errand. Though the Feet, in a Messenger ale to be least Comely, as cover do're with Dust or Dirt : Yet so Grateful are they, when bringing us News to our Wifnes, that we count em all over Lovely; and are ready to kills the first of them that come to us with the Glad Tidings of great foy. And O what greater Good than that deligned here in this Text under the names of Peace and Salvation. with the Publication of both to Zion; and both comprized in this Melfage to be told her, The God Reigneth!

He does indeed Reign always; Though the Heathen Rage, and people imagine Vain things; and though Kings and Rulers of the Earth Confult and Bandy against him and his Christ; Even when things go most Cross and Disorderly, still he holds the Reins of the World's Government: and its his Permission and Pleasure, there should be Miscondust sometimes, and Havock made even upon the Sheep of his Pasture; for Wise and holy Ends, known to Himself. And at such times of Consusion and Trouble to Israel, God stands by, as if he less ill Men to do what they would, and Carry all before em; As if he withdrew, and had nothing to do in the matter.

For there's a Kingdom of Satan and of Antichrist; and the Enemies of our Lord have their Allotted Time, to Reign as Lords of the World. But God be thanked, It is but a Short Time, till they shall be made his Footstool; and brought under the narrowest Restraint, and Everlasting Contempt. Yea, even in the mean time, He Ruleth in the Very midst of his Enemies; whom he has in Invisible Chains, and makes even their Serpentine Enmity, as the Rod of his Anger, and the Staff of his Indignation; to serve the purposes of his Glory: Though they neither know nor mean any

fuch thing as the Execution of his Pleasure.

But when again he Reveals his Arm to Break the Opposer's Forces, To Gather his dispersed Flock, and to Raise up his dejected People; Then he is said to Reign in especial manner. Then he eminently Discovers his Supremacy, and his Over-Ruling Hand, to take the Immediate Care of his Own; To Cultivate his Vine, and to make Jerusalem a Praise in the whole Earth; Rescuing his Servants out of the hands of Ill Masters, to Keep and Bless, to Guide and Prosper them Now this the Lord did in the Deliverance of Ifrael here foretold, out of their Captivity: This he did in the greater Deliverance, wrought by our Bleffed Saviour's Coming into the World: This he has done in many Deliverances of his Church, fince that time; whereof we of this Church have had frequent and Remarkable Experience: (O how much is yet fresh and Lively in our Remembrance!) And this he will do yet more Wonderfully, than all, in the Later days, towards the End of Time; when he shall come to Accomplish all the precious Promises, that raise the Hopes of Believers: When Righteousness and Light and Love shall there Prosper and Reign; Where now Ignorance and Ungodliness and Discord bear Sway and Abound.

Abound. O Blessed Time! Enough to excite all that wish well to Sion, to Pray as our Church teaches us,

and befeech God to Haften his Kingdom.

Thus the Text looking further than the Business of this Day, I must not Underlook the great Design of such a place; any more than I must Overlook the Occasion of our present Meeting. This is now Joyful to us all: And if the other be not fo too, The fault is our own; that we are in no better Temper, to Refent the Spiritual Mercies of God; and to Praise him for his Christ, and for his Gospel, and all things conducing to help us on to his Heavenly Kingdom; As well as to give him Thanks for the Temporal Good of this World; and for some Easier and Better Time, that we hope to have in it. For this, without the other, will do us no real Kindness at all, nor make us any thing happier at the Last. And, alas, Sirs, How can the Rebels against God, ever be Hearty in their Thanks to him? O what Sense is there in it, for such as do nothing but Confront and Relift his Word to come into the Affemblies of those that meet for his Worship! For fuch as make the Difbo. nouring of God even their Business, to make any pretences of giving him the Glory due to his Name! And if that which should Heighten the Joy of this Day, do (in their esteem) but serve to cast a Damp upon it; I cannot help this: Unless I should handle the Word of God Deceitfully, to Preach Peace where there is none; Or to Flatter and Collogue with those, who will still be the Enemies of our Peace, because the Enemies of our God. They that Scorn the very Gofpel of Peace, and Stomach fuch as bring those Gladdest of all Tidings, are fitter for another Service, than religioully to Observe a Thanksgiving Day, in a Christian Congregation, among the Followers of Fefus. O that they were but once Fallen out with their scandalous Sins,

Sins, and better Rriends to their own Souls! And then they might hear of Peace with God, and come to fee

the Joy of his Salvation.

But I will freak First of that which now lies uppermoli upon all our Thoughts; The Good Tidings of
Good things, in the Publication of That Peare, which we are at this time to Thank the Lord our God for fending us, by the hands of his Cholen Mellenger, whom he raised up, and has Prefer d and Profper d, to bring us at last to great a Blessing. And instead of Grumbling that we had it no Sooner, when our own Sins kept it from us to Long; O how thould we Admire and Magnify the Gracions God, that we have at all, the Comfortable Privilege; which, he knows, is none of our Delere, but the meer Gift of his own Mercy

Now the Good of this Peace, and wherein we are the Better for it. The joyous Confequences will best Inform us: But, to raife our Thankfulness at this time to some higher Pitch, I will offer a few faint Strokes at the Lovely Picture; in Thewing both the Uneafine's from which it frees us; and also the Advantages which it

brings us.

The Uncalines which this Peace frees us from. Though all the Burthen of Taxes be not presently Removed; yet we have the fair Prospect of Mitigation; and good ground to Hope, That we may foon find the Load made Lighter; and that the Effect will ceafe, when the Caule is taken away. But O how great is the Ease to our Minds, to be delivered from the Danger and Dread of our Enemies! From a Potent Enemy at our Doors, that was the Back to all our Enemies within Doors; which made 'em fo Brisk and Daring, to Affront the Highest Authority; and Threaten the faithful Subjects to Suffer even for their Fidelity. now the Horns of those Malecontents, that were but Short

Short before, are quite Cut off; that which Fed them. being fubstracted from them. And the Peace may prove the best Physick to Purge out these Malignant Humours, that have made them to Troublefome hither-Now their Hopes from Abroad must give up the Ghoff, and all their Expectation periffs, While we have the fatisfaction to fee their wretched Caufe Crush'd and Ruin'd; and themfelves put out of Capacity, to give us the Vexation, and to do us the Mifchief, which fo fain they would only only were like the hide would we transmit

Tis a painful State, to live in perpetual Concern and Fear of Subrile, Mighty and Malicious Fors, Ly ing in Wait to Invade and Over run us; and not poly to fetch our fuch large Gaps, as have been made in our Effates, to Maintain the Charge of the Wer; But to fweep away all from us, and not fuffer our felves neither to Sarotverland hay behind w To have our Thoughts fill on the Stretch, and our Minds Rack'd with continual Devices, how to Offend our Roemies. or Defend our felves, is fuch an Irksome Life, as is enough to make us Weary of Living . When we go ( Gall dounder the Sharps, )the Cares, and Brights. that furound and grate upon us, To have son invalle because of the Fury of the Oppression, as if he were ready to deferoy Ifa er. 120 And this was fpoke for the Confoliation of a people harafs d and wearied with the Plagues of War, Michay 4) That they hould fit every man under his Vines and every man under his figures, and none (bould make em Afraid Our Fear was of Invaders, to take away not only our Laws, our Liberties and Properties; but our Religion and our Lives ... We were in Jeopardy of New Lords, that would have left is no Choice but Popery or Martyrdom. But the prefent League has rid our Breafts of those Apprehensions: Because it Secludes him that pretends a Right to Enflave

us; and Enervates his Hopes of playing an After-Game. And this very Esfe to our Minds, Beloved, Is it one berrer than Thousands of Gold and Silver ? To have our Affairs out in fuchta Setled Posture, that we are not like to Out live the bleffed Advantages which we have for our Souls: That we do not go with our Level in our hands: and that which should be Dearer to us all than our Lives. Tottering and ready to rum-Ble down of That the Noises of Gans and Drums and Trumpets, which were like the hideous Shrieks of the Dving, or as hollow Groans, and aftonishing Roarings from the Dead Are become now Mulick in our ears. and only the Cymbols and Expresses of our festivity and Rejoycing "This is a Change; whereof we cannot but be Glad: And O that we may acknowledge it. with fuch a Grateful Sense as we ought to the Lord our God ! O that we may abound in his Praile, who has Based us of our Fear! And be only in Fear now of wronging the Mercy by which we have been fo fweetly Reliev'd, and fo greatly Oblig'd to the land of the land o

for both Worlds; And (1.) For the Prefent. You are at Liberty now, My Brethren, to Enjoy your Own, And may look upon it as Your, and take Encouragement to Till your Lands, and follow your Trades; As hoping that you shall inherit the Benesit; and not Labour only for Others; nor have the Bread which you have Barn'd, Snatch'd out of your Mouths; But see Peace, as the Root, producing the Fruits of Plenty: For making Peace in our Borders, is a Means to fill us with the finest of the Wheat, Plal. 147: 14. And after Peace be within thy Walls, follows, Brosperity be within thy Palaces, Plal. 122. 7. When every one may pursue their Occasions without Disturbance; And not be taken off, for the Desence of their Country, nor Plunder'd

Plunder'd by Soldiers, nor fall a Prey to Pyrates, nor be Eaten up by the Enemies, that lay all Desolate. For what a sad and fearful Community of Goods is made by War, that leaves no Property, but what can be maintain'd by the Longest Sword, and the Strongest Arm! But Peace sets a Pence about your Possessions, and makes better Intrenchments and Fortifications in your Desence, than what can be rais'd by the biggest Armies, and multitudes of Pioneers. Now Seas are Open, and Commerce on the Wheels; and Men'put in Heart, to use their Hands, and bestir themselves with Courage and Alacrity; in promoting their Concerns, and Polishing themselves, and all their Appurtenances, as a Prosperous and Happy People. Thus for the Present World. And

2. Peace gives great Advantages, (if it be well us'd) for the World to come; To make Religion, as well as Trading, Thrive and Flourish; To give Rulers Leifure and Opportunity, better to Inspect and Regulate their People at Home, when their Thoughts and themfelves are not fo Engag'd and taken up Abroad; To fet themselves against the Intestine Domestick Enemies; The Atheism and Impiety, The Profaneness and Debauchery, that occasion such Pangs and Convulsions in the Bowels of the Nation; And threaten us with Worfe things yet from an Angry God, than any have befallen us from the hands of Man. And truly, if there be no Healing here, there will be vet no Remedy, but our Portion, after all, must be Misery. If we cannot forbear to Fight with Him, that makes our Enemies at Peace with us; If we must still, in our Oaths and Curses, and all our Ungodly Provoking Carriage, Let fly at Heaven, after we have got the Peace on Earth; and turn the richest Bleffing all to Pride and Wantonness, to Luxury and Riot; and require the Lord that has done all

all for us, only with Drinking the Deeper, and Swearing the Faster; Will the Righteous and Jealous God Endure it? And will be not be Avenged on Such a People as this? Let'em be never so Frolick and Jocund at the Peace, alas, There's no Peace to them. They are quite out, and all to Pieces with the God of Heaven: And instead of any Healing, they do but make the matter still worse and worse; And all their present Quiet and Prosperity, is but a little Calm and Sunshine, before the most dreadful Storm; Fire and Brimstone, a horrible Tempas, and the Blackness of Darkness, which they

must Endure for ever.

But it is to another End, that God fends us Peace. Beloved, To engage us to be Better; and not Embolden us to go all to Naught. The Defign of Heaven, in Saving us from our Enemies, and from the hands of them that Hate us, You have often heard from Luke I. 71, 74, 75. That we might Serve our Lord, without Fear. ( of them ) In Holine's and Righteonfness before him. all the days of our Life: That we should Resent his Kindness in Grateful Hearts, and Sing his Praise, and cheerfully Devote our selves to his Worlbin; And fet it in our Hearts to Live Holily unto him, that has fo abundantly Obliged us; Thus shewing the good Use we make of his Benefits. That we do not Forget what he has done, and what we have to do; and that we dare not Rebel against him, with his own Indulgence to us; But Abhor fo fouly to Misbehave our selves towards him, after all the fweet Engagements his Love has laid upon us.

And O what Encouragement have we now to Serve our God in the Gladness of our Hearts, when he has Rais'd our Sinking State, and so Secur'd our Hazardons Effects! when he has a new Confirm'd to us the Charter of all our dear Enjoyments, and answer'd us even in

the Wishes of our Hearts! When he has given us the thing that we Long'd for, and Blefs'd his People with Peace; When the Dread is remov'd that Chill'd our Spirits, and Shrunk up the Powers of our Souls: When our Minds are at Reft, and an overflowing Tide of lov Dilates and enlarges our Hearts! Then we have the inviting Opportunity fer before us, to ferve our Lord with Gladness; and to make a worthy Progress in his Holy ways; when we have nothing to Interrupt and Annoy us : no Concern of Invading Armies to fill our Heads, and Diffract our Thoughts: Then, not only the Obligation is laid upon our Ingenuity, to express our Thankfulness to the Lord of Love, in ways meet for his Acceptance; But a Price is also put into our hands, to be Improved for the Glory of our great Deliverer; that we should chearfully Abound in his Work, and addict our felves to advance the Interests of his Kingdom, together with our own Salvation; And in Living to his Praife, Finish our course with Joy. And thus we may make the present Peace Subservient to our future Blifs.

But one Confideration more we have to heighten our Pleasure in this Peace, and our Thankfulness for it; That the God of Peace sends it to us by the Royal Hands of such a Great and Worthy Messenger; The only Person upon Earth, whom he Inspired with Compassion and Fortitude and Resolution sufficient, to Hazard his Life, and all that he had in the World for our Relies. O how Beautiful were his Feet, coming to our Land, just as we lay upon the Black, under the Sacrificing Knife! Then we received him even as an Angel of God, and thought we could never enough Admire the Glorious Instrument of such a Seasonable and Blessed Deliverance. And though the Difficulty of our Assairs was such, as Engaged him to go with the Sword in his

Hand, for these thrice Three Years now past: Yet has he Convinced the World, that the War he wag'd was not for War's sake; but to bring the Enemies at last to this Honourable Peace. And hereby he has given a Demonstration to all Men, of his Wise Condust, and his mighty Interest, and Heaven's Blessing upon both; to accomplish the thing which look'd so Improbable to

come to pals.

And now that God has given him his Quietus from the Toil and Fatigue of Arms, and Restored him to us in Safety, according to our Prayers, To give Reff to his People, and Dismis 'em from the Military Attendance; To mind every one the Concerns of his own private Good, and to rejoyce altogether in the Publick Gladness of the Nation; O how Beautiful are the Feet of such a Messenger of Peace, upon the Mountains of fuch Hazards as he has gone over, and fuch feeming Impossibilities in the way, that he has Surmounted; and all the Pains that he has been at to make us Easy! Bleffed be God, that has brought him back, not only Safe, but in Peace; and the Restorer of Peace to us; The Repairer of our Breaches, The Affertor of our Rights, The Preferver of our Liberties, and, under God, The Defender of our Faith and Life!

O may the same God Inspirit and Enable him, to do yet a Greater Work among us! After all the Renown of his Signalized Valour in the Field, That he may shew the best of Courage at Home, A holy Zeal for Him, by whom Kings do Reign; In Mawling and breaking to pieces, The Leviathans, the Serpents, the wild Boars and Bears, All the Herd of various Bruits and Beasts of the people, that Combine and make Insurrections, to Assault our holy Christianity; some to Poyson the Very Fountains of Life and Salvation, To Unhinge all the Doctrine of the Gospel, and Ridicule

the

mote.

the Faith of Telus, as an idle Fancy: And more of 'em to Trample down all Godly, Righteous, and Sober Conversation; To strike at the Holy One himfelf, and make a Party to Strengthen the hands of the Wicked, and to Out brave all serious Piety, and set up a Licentious Heathenish Practice in its Room. O! here is a Courage worthy the Man of God's Right Hand, the most Puissant King, and all the Powers Ordain'd of God; to be shewn, in Taming, Reducing or Suppressing these Monsters of Mankind, these Rampant Bruits, and Incarnate Fiends; The Blasphemous Swearers, The Beaftly Drunkards, The Lewd Epicures, The Lawless Libertines, The Roaring Crem, that fer God and his holy Religion at Defiance. O how much would it add to the Toy and Triumphs of this Day, (As to hear of all our Protestant Brethren Abroad Sharing with us therein, So ) to fee a Mighty Victory here; and fuch Wickedness of the Wicked brought to an End; Such daring Impiety, and notorious Immorality driven to Confusion, and Banisht the Nation! And to see those Pious and Amiable Societies, (Erected and Engag'd, by Voluntary Stipulations among themselves, to promote the Reformation of Manners, ) that in some Places have done very great and Worthy things already, Encouraged and Screngthned, every where, to do still more and Better !

We will hope, That so Excellent a Prince as God has Raised up, and Impowered to do such Wonders for his Church and People, will not be wanting here; Now especially, that he has a Vacation from the Foreign Expeditions; and by his Residence amongst us, will have fairer Opportunities, to turn and Exert his Courage, where it is most Needful to be shewn: And (as Joshua exhorted the Elders and Heads and Judges and Officers of Urael, Chap. 23. 6.) Be very Courageous to pro-

more all Holy Obedience to the Will and Commands of God. And they must be Valiant indeed, that dare Appear for God, and his Gospel-Truth, and holy Cause, in the face of an Atheistical and Licentious Age. This is a Courage highly Necessary to Stem the Tide, and common Course of this present Evil World. A Courage that will, (it's true) make him Formidable to the Evildors: But those very Feet which Tread them down, will be more Beautiful still in the eyes of all Enlightned Souls. Yea such Contending with the Wicked, is the way of making Peace with Heaven: And by this means he will bring us Tidings of a better Peace yet than the

present. Of which I am next to speak.

And I have prevented my Self, for faying much upon this Head: by my Late Discourses here of the Peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ. A Peace that takes up the Offensive Matters, and ends the Quarrel between the Holy God and Sinful man. But the terms of this Peace, are not in any Writings of the Moralifis, No, nor in the Law of Moses, to be found. 'Tis only the Gofpel of our Lord that Acquaints us with the Articles of our Peace; This Peace with God through the Faith of Jesus, The great Plenipotentiary of Heaven, Sent not only to Treat with us, but to Effect the Bleffed Peace for us. And O how Beautiful are his Feet, that bring Rest to the Labouring and heavy-Laden Souls! To all that Believe how Precious is He, and Altogether Lovely! Though Jews, and some among ourselves, that Name the Name of Christ, (But are little better Friends and can deal even as Jewilbly with him ) See no Form or Comelines or Beauty in him, for which they bould Defire him; Yet never a true Christian in the World, that does not account all things as Loss, for the excellener of the Knowledge of Christ Jesus his Lord. Such have all their Rejoicing in him; but no Confidence in the Flesh. Phil.

Phil. 3. 3. No, They dare not Trust to that for their Peace, which can never procure their Pardon. But when Christ is our Peace. Eph. 2. 14. and has made Peace through the Blood of his Cross. Col. 1. 20. 'Tis only that Blood which Satisfies for their Sins, which can Pacify their Consciences. And when our Lord has told us, Joh. 16. last ver. In me you shall have Peace: They are wretched Christians, and miserable Comforters. that would Seduce us, to go and Seek it elfewhere, and drive us out of this Best and only Refuge for the Di-Breffed Soul; Even the Righteousness and Satisfaction. The Merits and Intercession of our great Redeemer Which is all the Hope and Support, The fure Hold and Everlasting Consolation of all that Understand themfelves, and the Gospel way of finding Rell for their Souls! And whoever would know the things of their Peace, e're they be Hid from their eyes; They must quit all other Pleas and Confidences in the World; and be glad to cast Anchor here, and Trust their All in this Bottom. For he that Believeth not, ( whatever elfe he does ) The Wrath of God abideth on him. But who oever Believes on the Name of the Son of God, Iball not perilb but have Everlasting Life. Joh 3. 16. and last Verle. 'Tis only by the Merit of his Blood, that we have our Pardon: and therefore only by Faith in the fame Blood. that we can have our Peace. 'Tis this Heavenly Balm alone that can Cure the Diseased Mind. And this is ( To Evary Laury) the Glad Tidings of the Gospel; To Preach Peace by Jesus Christ the Lord of all. Acts 10. 36. By him is Preached the Forgivenels of Sins: and by him all that Believe are Justified from all things, from which they could not be Justified by the Law of Moses. Acts 12. 38, and 39.

And this it is that makes him so Dear and Precious to all Believers; And his Feet, even upon Mount Calvary,

White

(White and Red with his Innocence and Sufferings) So Beautiful'in their eyes: Because they Trod the Winepress of God's Wrath alone; and bore all that, which else must have fallen on the Sinners themselves, to Sink 'em for ever. And this also makes even the Inferior Ministers, fent by this great Messenger of Heaven, To Welcome to all his Faithful People: Because they come upon the like Errand, To Proclaim their Peace with God, through Faith in his Blood. For to the Ministers of Christ S. Paul applies this very Text; Rom. 10. 15. How Beautiful are the Feet of them that preach the Gospel of Peace, and bring Glad Tidings of Good things! Their Feet (importing their Divine Mission, and their Fervor in delivering the Will of their Lord ) are commended here, not so much for their Strength or Nimbleness, as their Beauty: Because they Draw Men to the Faith of Christ, not with Dread or Force; but with the Sanctity of Life, the Sweetness of Persuafion, and the Power of their Doctrine. And they come upon the Mountains too; Through great Opposition in the way of their Ministry; where so many withstand 'em; and the Devil often raises Persecution against 'em. Yet nothing shall stop 'em; But they will Publish the Gospel to all, and lay the Salvation of their Lord in Common: That every one whom they can possibly prevail with, may enjoy the Blessed Benefit. And therefore to the Faithful none are fo Gracious and Amiable: None whom they more Admire, or have a greater Veneration and Affection for. They Receive 'em as the Ambassadors of the King of Glory: and cry, like the Damfel, Acts 16. 17. Thefe men are the Servants of the most High God, who shew to us the way of Salvation. So high an Honour and fingular Kindness have they for 'em, They could, (as the Apostle speaks, Gal. 4. 15. if possible) even pluck out their own Eyes,

to give 'em to their Preachers, Yea for their Lives, (like Priscilla and Aquila, Rom. 16.3.) they could lay down their own Necks. So Surprizing, so Joyful is the News of Everlasting Salvation by Jesus Christ to poor Sensible Sinners; That they think they can never sufficiently express their Gratitude, their Respects, their Cordial

Inclination to the Dear Messengers of it.

But Wicked and Worldly men are not fo fond of 'em. They give 'em but a very Cold Reception, if not the Rough Handling; and would more Thank 'em to be Quiet, than to Deliver their Meffage. They Despise 'em, as Impertinent Buly-bodies; Yea they Resist 'em, as the Troublers of Ifrael. And whoever will adventure to do as God commands him, that is, Cry aloud, and not Spare: Must expect to be called, A man of Strife and Contention; Though he be never fo Fair in his Carriage, and have no personal Quarrel with any one in the World. They Except not only against our Preaching, but our very Calling; as Supervaneous, and a Nuisance to the World. And indeed one that meant to be Faithful in it, would never meddle with the Thankles Office, among fach Ill-willers to the Lord's Messengers; But chuse rather to be a contemptible Dunghil-raker, than a Conscientious Impartial Minister; To be Scorn'd and Huff'd by Lordly Sinners, and nothing but Maligned and ftruck at by the Conscious Offenders: Were we not affur'd, That our Judgment were with the Lord, and our Work with our God: And did we not hope for infinitely better Rewards, than their Good Graces; Who can Quarrel the very Message of Peace; Because it does not include a Peace for them with all their Sins: Because it Rouzes their Worldly Nefts; and will not fuffer 'em here to fer up their Reft; Nor Bolfter 'em up in all the Prophaness and Libertinism, wherein they are Resolved to Perfift. The very Gospel it self is an Offence; and then

no wonder, if its Ministers be an Eye-sore to 'em. A Lewd Ungodly Sinner thinks he has not a worfe Enemy, than a Sound and Zealous Preacher. No, for such do find him out, and put him to Shame, and fill him with Dread. They are his Disturbers, his Tormentors: He cannot Love, He does not like 'em. He could wish 'em all utterly Silenc'd. His Conscience cannot Sleep for their Barking. Away with 'em; They put him out of Patience; They drive him even to his Wits end. Their Meffage, how Sweet and Relishing foever to fome, 'tis to him nothing but the Burden of the Lord; All Briars and Thorns, A heavy Doleful Story, too Grievous for him to Bear it. He Complains, as the Man did of the Delphick Oracle, You never give a Comfortable Answer. But the Oracle reply'd, You never come to me till your Case is past Remedy. And may nor Chrift's Ministers so tell the Agrieved Sinner? You run your Soul upon Desperate Streights; and still keep up your Rebellion against Heaven : And then you are angry, That we will not Preach Peace, and Prophecy none but Smooth things; when alas, No fuch things belong to you. And then is it your Ministers Fault or Yours, if nothing but Speaking Lyes will Please you. and that which Obliges all the Generation of God's Children, Offends you? If you will Out-run your own Mercies, and nothing but make Rods for your felves. O how can we help your Trouble? We would be as Glad to Speak Peace, as you to Hear it: For that is our Meffage; and it Grieves us, when we cannot give you a Share in it. But yet we dare not Speak it, where the Lord has not Spoken it; Yea where he has Forbidden it, and Threatned us, with Woe to us, If we Harden the Wicked, and Strengthen him in his Wickednels, by Promising him Life.

Line very Galgal'is fold in an O concest und siens

But Reason as we will, The prejudicate Caviller alledges Reason, for Refuling the Mellengers that come to him in the name of the Lord. Their Feet are Dirty. and far from Lovely. Their Affections are Earthly, and all for the World: And their Conversations are Difor-

derly, or at best no more than Ordinary.

Such is our Accusation; And we are forry, That there is too much Truth in the Charge. We Confess it; We Bewail it; We beg Pity and Pardon from God and Man for it. We have the Treasure in Earthen Veffels: And our Hearts hang too Near the Ground; And our Lives are too Dissonant from the holy Gospel which we preach. But then let me tell you, my Brethren, That you may gastier Confolation, even from that, which is the Matter of our Humiliation; That the most High God is pleas'd to Speak to you, by men of like Paffions with your felves : Which is a Favour from the Lord. that his People of old were very Importunate for, Exod. 29. 19. They faid unto Moses, Speak thou with us, and we will hear : But let not God fpeak with us , left we dye. If then we are no more than Ordinary men, yet you are to own it, as an Extraordinary Mercy from God, That he will graciously Vouchsafe to Treat with you by your Peers. And instead of Disdaining us, for our Weak efs; It will befeem you to Thank him for his Kindness; To shew you Hopes of Salvation, on this side that Perfection, which is not Attained even by those, whom he Sends to Call and invite others to Africe after it. And where you cannot see any Recommendation in us; Yet let us find some fair Reception, for our Commission Sake, for our Message Sake, and for your Souls Sake. Seeing your Salvation is Concern'd in our Application. For we Publif Salvation; and Jay unto Zion, Thy God Reigneth. Alexander to see West E

Whether his Salvation shall openly Appear yet before the End of the World, and his Kingdom Glorioully thew it felf here upon Earth; We cannot tell: We dare not Determine. What God can do, We know: (As Improbable as ever things may look, ) But what he will do, To Advance his Church above all, even in the Eye of this World; We leave in the Secrets of his Councel. Who knows, Whether after all the great Turns of Affairs that we have Seen; there will not yet be a greater Turn, than ever the World Saw? Whether we may not expect yet a further Compleating of that Prophecy, Ifa. 2. 2. It foll come to pals in the Last days, That the Mountain of the Lord's house shall be Establifbed in the Top of the Mountains, and fall be Exalted sove the Hills: And all Nations (ball Flow to it. And as one Effect of that Glorious Change, it is faid, Ver. 4. They shall alter the property of their Martial In-Aruments, and not Learn War any more. But Antipathies shall be Reconciled; and the most Noxious Creatures Mall not Hurt nor Deftroy in all his Holy Mountain. Chap. 11. 9. And he knows in what Sense that has been. or shall be fulfilled, which the Lord shew'd to his Chofen Servant S. John in Vision; Rev. 21. 2. The Holy City. New Jerusalem coming down from God out of Heaven, prepared as a Bride Adorned for her Husband. The Glorious things spoken of the City of God (there and in the Prophets) feem to want a further Accomplishment even in this World, than ever yet has been. However, we may be bold to take up Solomon's Confidence, Eccles. 8. 12. Surely I know it shall go well with them that Fear God, that Fear before him. So Himself has bid us Affure 'em ; Ifa. 3. 10. Say ye to the Righteous, It fall be well with them. And Chap. 32. 17, 18. The Work of Righteousness shall be Peace, and the Effect of Righteousness Quietness, and Assurance for ever. And

my People shall dwell in a Peaceable Habitation, and in Sure Dwellings, and in quiet Resting places. They have. long time, feem'd to have the Worlt: But in the Isfues of things they shall, for certain, have the Best of it; and be the Rifing People after all; To Reign with Christ. and Sit Enthron'd in his Kingdom. Yea their Advancement, with their Redemption, is drawing Nigh. And while they Look to the Faithful and True, that has Promised, Waiting for the Salvation of God; They shall not be Asbamed of their Hope; But find all turning in their Favour, to make em Great and Glorious for ever. For they are the Temple of the Living God: As God hath faid, I will Dwell in them, and Walk in them; And I will be their God, and they shall be my People, 2 Cor. 6. 16. Thy God reigneth, Carries all in it. For if he be Ours, we are His. And when he shews Himself, Like Himself, We shall then be also Like him; And not: only Gaze on, but Share in, his Glory.

For our part, As the best Preparation to this Future Salvation, Let us be in care to Secure to our selves another Salvation at present: That is, To be Saved from our Sins, and from the Love and course of this present evil World. O let us Hearken and Yield to the Gospel of Peace, and take the way that it puts us upon, to make our Agreement with Heaven; and Close up our Peace with God, in this day of Grace. And then we may comfortably look for Better things, than any we are able now to Describe or Imagine. And whatever be the Manner of the Coming of our Lord's Kingdom, we may be sure, That Come it shall: And when it Comes, put every Penitent Believing Soul into Possession of such Blessed Unspeakable Attainments, as no Exchath Seen, nor Ear Heard, nor any Heart of Man can

Conceive.

And now that the most High who Rules in the Kingdoms of men, has been pleas'd to give us some Preludium of what may be hereafter; and a joyful Specimen of his Over-ruling Power, in Fastioning all the Hearts of the Sons of men; and bringing the most Distant and Divided close together: Now that after all the Resentments, Preparations, and Hostilities, Jacob and Elan have kindly Met, and Shaken Hands, and Struck up a Happy Union; And the Gracious Lord has not only Exceeded our Hopes, but his own Promise; To make our Enemies at Peace with us, Though our Ways have not been Pleasing to him. O how shall we receive the Kindness sent from Heaven! And how shall we use the Peace granted on Earth! Shall we fall into their Absurdity, who are Sullen, and little Pleas'd. That God has done us Good against their Wills? Or shall we run into their Extravagance, who know not how to express their Transports, but in the Wantonness of Bruits full Fed, or the Wildness of Heathers running Mad? Shall we go on to Kick at our only Friend? To Grieve his Spirit, that has Eas'd ours, and prepare for Battel with him, who has given us Peace? God forbid, We should so Thank him, for Sparing and Saving us. God forbid, We should shew such Cursed Fruits of all the precious Seed he has Sown amongst us: Like a People not only Foolish and Unwise, but Incorrigible and Desperate. But if any Goodness will Oblige us; If the dearest Love and Mercy will Win us; O let that which God, even our own God, has now done for us, Gain upon us, and Prevail with us; To throw down the Arms that we have taken up against Heaven. The Known Wilful Sins, that bid Defiance to our Maker and our Judge: And be Reconciled unto God. Seek his Peace, Keep in his Love, Live to his Honour, and also in such good Understanding and fair Agreement ment with one another; That the God of Peace and Love may still be with us; and Keep off all Evils from us, and Rejoice over us, to do Good to us; and never be Weary to Express all his Kindness upon us.

To him let us Lift up our Hearts, and make the Ob-

lation of Ourselves, together with our Thanks.

Praise waiteth for thee, O God, in Zion: And in thy Temple should every one speak of thy Glory. And having entred thy Gates with Thanksgiving, and into thy Courts with Praise; We defire to Continue the Sacrifice of our Thanks, which is the due Tribute, that we come hither at this time to pay unto the God of our Lives, the Lord that has been fo Favourable to our Land. For thou, Lord, hast made us Glad through thy Work; we will Triumph in the Works of thy hands. Thou haft been Mindful of us; Thou haft been Good to us, and done great things for us; In making us a way to Escape out of the Fears and Dangers wherein our Sins involved us; Giving Rest to thy People, and that Peace, which is the matter of our present Rejoycing before thee. According to thy Name, O Lord, fo is thy Praise, to the Ends of the Earth. And above all the Nations of the Earth, are we Oblig'd to Magnify the Diftinguishing Mercy of our God, who has shew'd us fuch Marvellous Kindness, in a highly-favour'd Land: Turn'd away thy Anger and our Dread, Saved us from the Sword, Bless d thy People with Peace, and compass'd us about with Songs of Deliverance. Thou art our God, and we will Praise thee; Thou art our God, and we will Exalt Thee, and give Thanks to thy Name; and Rejoice in the Riches of thy Grace, and all the Wonders of thy Mercy to us. O that we may give thee the Glory due to thy Name! That not only our Tongues may speak of thy Righteousness and thy Salvation:

vation; But that our Souls may be Joyful in the Lord, and our Hearts to fixed, that in them we may make Melody; and Praile the Lord, with all our Hearts and Glorify thy Name for evermore! Yea, as thou has given us Peace; So, we befeech thee, Grant us thy Grace to Express the Truth of our Thanks, By walking before thee all our days in the Uprightness of our Hearts: Devoting our felves, and all we are, and all that we Have, to Serve and Please our God, Through Jelus Christ our Lord.

To whom, with the Eternal Spirit, proceeding from two of Thee and thy Son, he Bleffing, and Glory, and will describe the Midden, and Honour, and Power, and Might, about affertied by us, and by all the Hiracl of God, World without end. Amon.

to us, and done great things for us; In militing us a way to leftape one of the Pears and Dangers wherein our sins involved us; Giving Reft to thy People, and that Peace, which is the matter of our prefent Rejoycing before thee. According to thy stame, O Lord, to is the production of the Land of the Alice of the above all the Nations of the Barth, are we Oolig'd to Magnify the Diffine aiffine Mercy of our God who has how'd us fuch Marvellous Kindnels, in a highly favour d Land: Trend away thy Anger and our Diese, Sived ustrom us about with sones of Deliverance. Thou art out God, and we will raife thee; Thou are our God, and we will Exalt Thee, and give Thanks to thy Name; out ils has said with fundament and said the Wonders of thy Mercy to us. O that we may give "the the Gory doe to thy M me! I'm that doly our Tongues may Treat of thy Rightcouloch and the bal-DOLLEY